



DAVIS AFTER SCALPS

Just Wants a Short
Talk With
Teddy.

THINKS HE CAN
GET A PLACE

Sam Parker Rebukes President's
Choice of Breckons for U. S.
District Attorney.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—George A. Davis is going to Washington to raise a stir. Three things take him there. Of course, I mean the causes for his going, for as a matter of fact he is traveling in a Pullman palace car, as the guest of Sam Parker with the merry bridal party, consisting of Parker and his wife, Prince David and wife, Miss Anita Chrystal and Miss Alice Campbell. The married couples being on their honeymoon trip, it will devolve on George Davis to look after the little wants of the young ladies.

The reasons for Davis' invading the National Capital are in order of importance to him as follows: Firstly, he is hot after the job of United States District Attorney; secondly, he is after the scalp of Associate Justice Perry, of the Supreme Court of Hawaii; thirdly, he is going to plead against the Territory of Hawaii, before the Supreme bench of the United States, in the matter of the constitutionality of certain decisions in Honolulu courts, involving the liberty of a Japanese, or some Japanese.

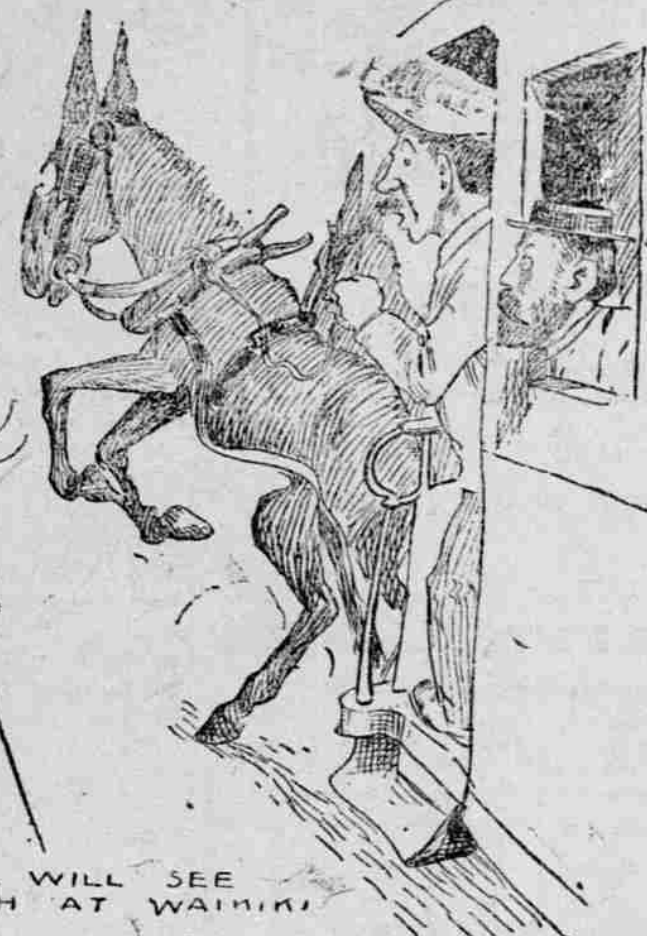
Davis did not make a very active fight for the United States District Attorneyship while in Hawaii, but when he came here and sniffed the fresh and vigorous air of California, the desire for the office took hold of him with a strong grip. He enlisted the sympathies of the entire California Congressional delegation, and of Governor Henry T. Gage of California. Sam Parker and Judge George D. Gear also threw themselves into the breach, and have struggled mightily to help Davis. All was going swimmingly, and Davis had high hopes, when a telegram came from Senator Perkins to Sam Parker, saying, "Breckons of Wyoming has the office." Breckons of Wyoming is backed by Senator Clark of Wyoming and Senator Clark is a close friend of Sam Parker. Davis, though discouraged by the wire from Perkins does not take it as a final answer and is rushing on to Washington to prevent the cataclysm, if possible.

He understands that Breckons' name has been sent to the Senate for confirmation by President Roosevelt, but he thinks that if he and Sam Parker can get the President in a quiet place alone, they may be able to persuade him to call back the name of Breckons, and to write that of Davis. Only one day before Sam Parker was married he telegraphed personally to Roosevelt, asking him to reconsider Breckons' nomination, and to appoint instead George A. Davis, "the man entitled to the place."

The Hawaiians here are interested in Davis' obtaining the job, as they think it a shame that two such plums as the United States District Attorneyship and the Third Circuit Court Judgeship should go to men not identified with Hawaii. Though they consider Robinson a first-class man, they think that a kamaaina should have the judgeship and not a mainland.

Davis, with seven years of residence in Hawaii, considers himself a kamaaina, and talks about the "old days," as good Sereno Bishop might in a confidential moment. Sam Parker is deeply interested in obtaining Davis the position, and Washington may expect some handsome entertaining, if hospitality will be Davis' cause. Davis says he is not going to rest in

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WEEK.



DR. WOLTERS IS SERIOUSLY INJURED

Dr. St. G. D. Wolters was thrown from his horse at Beretania and Punchbowl streets last night and received injuries which threaten to be serious.

Dr. Wolters had been late at his office attending an emergency case with Dr. Herbert and was proceeding homeward on horseback. While he has not been able to tell what happened it is presumed that his horse slipped and fell, throwing Dr. Wolters clear across the road and against the curb stone.

Dr. Wolters was found unconscious on the street by a policeman and was removed to his home in the patrol wagon. Drs. Cooper and Herbert were summoned, and they found that Dr. Wolters had received severe concussion of the brain, though they could not locate any fracture of the skull.

Dr. Wolters recovered consciousness and was resting fairly easy at midnight.

F. Wilhelm, the contractor, was quite badly hurt last evening. While alighting from an electric car he was struck and knocked down by a horse and the wheels of the buggy passed over him. He was taken to the office of Drs. Humphreys & Wolters, where it was found that he was badly bruised, but not seriously injured.

his attempt to oust Justice Perry, until he has the fiat of the Attorney-General of the United States one way or the other. Davis says:

"When I think of the indignity that was put upon me by this man Perry, who sent me to jail, my blood boils, and I feel it incumbent upon me to vindicate myself by showing that he is incompetent."

Judge Gear expects to return to Honolulu on the City of Peking, which leaves here on January 1. Gear is alone at the California hotel, but is managing to keep comfortable without the society of Sam Parker and George Davis.

Samuel Parker is an earnest candidate for the Governorship of Hawaii. He believes that he will succeed Governor Dole, when the latter steps out of his own volition, or when his term expires. Parker will make a steady campaign for the Governorship from now on, and expects to be aided a great deal by Harold M. Sewall, who is now in Washington.

It seems almost certain that Sewall does not want to be Governor of Hawaii, and that he does want to be ambassador or minister to some great foreign power.

FREDERICK O'BRIEN.

CHINESE COURT RETURNS TO THE FORBIDDEN CITY

Magnificent Spectacle When the Court Reenters
the Palace After a March Between
Lines of Kneeling Soldiers.

PEKING, January 7.—The Imperial Court entered the Forbidden City at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. It was the most brilliant scene Peking ever witnessed. The procession consisted of a thousand gorgeously attired noblemen mounted upon glittering caparisoned horses. The Emperor, the Empress Dowager, Prince Chun, the Empress and several princesses were borne in yellow chairs, their escort carrying hundreds of gay banners and silk umbrellas. The troops of General Yuan Shi Kai, Governor of Pe-Chi-Li, preceded the Emperor. The foreign community assembled on top of the Chiang gate.

The cortege was a bewildering barbaric exhibition of Oriental splendor. Its chief significance was the complete effacement of the traditional deification of Chinese royalty. The scene at the Chiang gate when the Emperor and the Dowager Empress entered the temple to offer thanks for their safe journey was nothing less than revolutionary when viewed in the light of all Chinese customs. The Emperor proceeded to the temple of the God of War, with hundreds of foreigners peering down only forty feet above him, and dozens of cameras were focused upon the son of heaven.

Then the chair of the Dowager Empress was brought to the doorway of the Temple of the Goddess of Mercy, and the Dowager Empress entered. After an interval of five minutes she reappeared. Standing in the doorway of the temple she looked upward. Directly overhead were the German Minister, and the officers and ladies from the American garrison. The Dowager Empress saw the foreigners and bowed low. She returned to her chair, looking upward to the semi-circle of foreign faces and bowing repeatedly. The expression of the Dowager Empress seemed almost appealing.

The streets from the Machiao station to the gateway of the Forbidden City, a distance of four miles, were swept and garnished early this morning. Residents were compelled to remain in doors. The soldiers and police formed a close cordon along both sides of this entire distance. The special train bearing the Emperor and Empress Dowager arrived here shortly after noon. Four companies of Chinese cavalry were drawn up at the sides of the station. Two thousand officials, sin-

Princes, Viceroy and taotais in a kaleidoscopic field of silks and furs, in which gleamed an occasional yellow jacket, were massed upon the platform. When the Emperor appeared the entire assemblage prostrated themselves and remained kneeling until his majesty had taken his place in his chair. The Imperial cavalcade then moved off at a swift trot, the Chinese cavalry in the lead. Then followed the great body of officials, the Manchurian banner men, the umbrella bearers, the spearmen, General Yuan Shi Kai in his newly bestowed yellow jacket, and the Emperor with white bearers carrying his chair and a guard of infantrymen marching on either side. Then came the Empress Dowager, with an equally conspicuous entourage. The latter was followed by the Boxer chief and Prime Minister, Jung Lu, in a yellow chair.

While their majesties passed the soldiers lining the route of the procession knelt down, holding their guns at present arms, and the buglers sounded their instruments continuously. Although the streets were kept empty, thousands of Chinese crowded the elevations along the line of march, a thing never permitted before. The soldiers of the American garrison witnessed the spectacle from the parade ground opposite the entrance to the palace. The British garrison, including its officers, were kept in their quarters. The majority of the foreign Ministers here, including the British, American, French and Russian representatives, absented themselves from the spectacle, but the ladies of the legations were entertained by Chinese officials on balconies all along the line of march.

Hearings on Cable Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs will have a hearing Thursday on Pacific cable matters. The next day the House committee in charge of the cable bills will begin hearings. It is the intention of the friends of the cable to get together, if possible, and push one or the other of the bills through.

England Will Arbitrate.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 7.—The governments of Argentina and Chile having come to an agreement as to the wording of the clauses in the protocol referring to the policing of Ultima Esperanza, Argentina's rights in the matter being safeguarded, the representations of Argentina on the wording of the clauses referred to are ended, and all the questions in dispute will now be submitted to the arbitration of the British commission.

FIRE AT C. L. RHODES' HOUSE

The residence of Charles L. Rhodes, on Young street, narrowly escaped being burned to the ground shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. But for the alarm being given to Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes by a passing milkman, they were in danger of being smothered while asleep. The flames destroyed the room which has been used as Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes' bedroom until yesterday. A dressing closet and much of the roofing and attic were badly burned.

Mrs. Rhodes began cleaning house yesterday and most of her furniture and wardrobe had been shifted about from the front rooms into those at the rear. Their former bedroom was almost empty save for some cans of turpentine and oil which were found by Chief Thurston of the Fire Department. The fire seemed to have started in the dressing room, which was piled up with clothing and furniture. A hole was burned through the flooring, and through the wall on the Waiikiki side, and but for the prompt appearance of the Makiki fire apparatus at the time the flames broke through, the house would in all probability have been consumed.

The dressing room and bedroom were completely gutted. All the doors in this part of the house were closed and kept the flames within for some time. When Mr. Rhodes was aroused he went to the back part of the house, and on opening a door saw a small fire in the bedroom. He attempted to quench this, but it got beyond his control. He then sent a telephone message from the house next door for the fire engines. Chief Thurston directed the hosemen in their work, and prevented the water from reaching the front part of the house, and thus saved much of its contents. Mrs. Rhodes' valuable collection of calabashes was unharmed. Mr. Rhodes has no idea of the manner in which the fire started.

May Get Long's Job.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—Admiral Schley had a conference with President Roosevelt today. It is rumored that Schley may succeed to the Navy Portfolio in case of Long's resignation. It is also reported that he may be put on the active list. Preparations are being made to introduce bills in Congress affirming Dewey's verdict in the Schley case.

The Boer War.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—There is deep public feeling over German charges that British soldiers are committing outrages in South Africa. Lord Roberts' vigorous denial may lead to a demand upon Germany to send a commission to investigate.

TO CALL ANOTHER MEETING

The First National
Bank Men
Act.

DIRECTORS SAY
BROWN ERRED

Election Will be Held in March.
No Transfers of Stock Will
be Allowed.

By a unanimous vote at a special meeting yesterday afternoon the directors of the First National bank of Hawaii decided that the action of the President, Cecil Brown, in ruling out the votes of the majority of the stockholders at the meeting of last week, was an error.

When this point was reached there was nothing further to be done but to call another meeting of the stockholders, and the cashier was ordered to give such notice and set the date of the new meeting for March 8th, 1902, at 2 p. m. After doing this much there was nothing left for the board to do and the adjournment was taken. The call need not be issued for two weeks yet, and there is to be plenty of time given for the faction here which is opposed to the recognition of the mainland stockholders to make a hard fight for securing the control of the stock. The decision of the board meets with general approval on the street where opinion had grown that this must be the outcome.

The date set is a very convenient one for those who would have the advantage of the very latest mails from the coast, and from the East as well. There is given full opportunity for exchange of letters twice over, which will mean that when the next meeting shall take place there will be full agreement on the part of the local stockholders and the mainland interests as to the new officers of the bank, owing to the fact that it has been the expressed wish of the proxy of the San Francisco people that there should be no selections made until there had been full conferences and entire agreement. The directors of the bank are believed to be entirely in accord with the Anglo-Californian bank, which is the parent institution, and through connections there is largely interested in Hawaiian affairs, and it is the general belief that there will be no great changes made, except perhaps as to the management of the institution.

Some fear was felt yesterday that the action of the board in calling the meeting for a date so far in advance was due to a desire to secure all possible stock for the minority representatives. The attorneys for the representative of the mainland men are now looking up the law on this point, and it is the belief that as the decision of the board makes it apparent that there was no legal meeting held on the date for the annual gathering and election, therefore there should be no change in the status quo ante, which would mean that the mainland shares would be voted and held the majority of the representation. Should there be any apparent determination on the part of the present officers of the bank to make any transfer of stock, the intention is to have an injunction issued to prevent such transfers, and thus preserve the conditions which existed when the books of register were closed, the day before the meeting.

The decision of the Board of Directors of the bank was reached in response to the letter from the attorneys for G. W. Macfarlane, published yesterday, and the letter from the bank's officers, which was addressed to J. J. Dunne, J. A. Magoon and T. J. Dillon as his attorney's is as follows:

Your communication of the 15th inst. duly to hand, and has been submitted to the Board of Directors at a meeting held this day, and I am directed to inform you that such board unanimously came to the conclusion that the presiding officer committed an error in rejecting most, if not all of the proxies offered by your client, on the grounds he did, and have therefore ordered that notice of another meeting for the election of Directors should be given and have fixed the day for said meeting as March 8th.